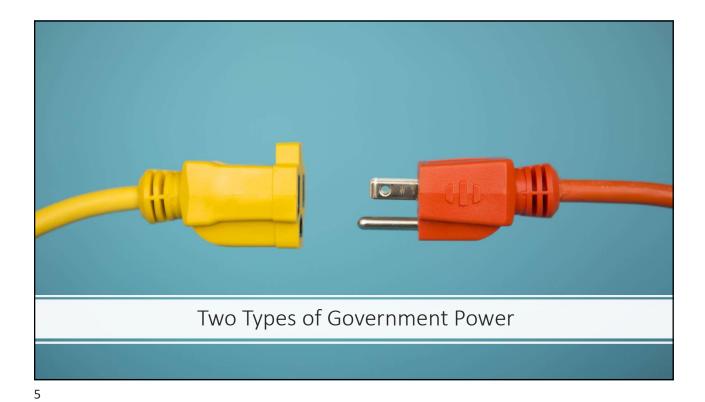


Utility securitization is like a breakfast of eggs and bacon. The chicken is involved and the pig is committed. In utility securitization, the utility is involved and the ratepayer is committed. 4



**Taxing Authority** • Levy taxes on individuals, businesses, and various economic activities. • Primary source of revenue to fund public services and infrastructure. • Taxes can be progressive, regressive, or proportional, depending on policy goals. • Types of Taxes: ✓Income Two Types of √ Sales ✓ Property ✓ Excise Government Regulatory Authority Financial Authority Antitrust laws, price controls, and oversight agencies. Electricity is a critical commodity for modern society. • Government regulation essential to ensure reliability, affordability, and • Balancing the interests of consumers, utilities, and the environment. ✓ Market monitoring: Oversight to prevent market manipulation. ✓ Licensing and permits: Ensures only qualified entities operate in the ✓ Environmental standards: Mandates for reducing carbon emissions. √Tariff setting: Regulators determine pricing structures for electricity.

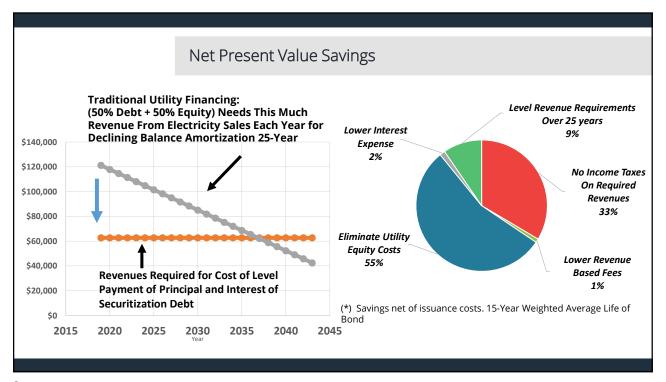


#### **Government Regulatory Authority over** Sales of Essential Commodity = **AAA Corporate Bond**

- Special state legislation authorizes recovery of specific costs deemed prudent though a special bond financing
  - Repaid from electricity a dedicated non-bypassable charge on future electricity sales as a joint liability of all customers [Sales tax?]
  - · Authorizes state utility regulators to issue a irrevocable financing order to allow utility to sell bonds with the Financing Order collateral [intangible property right]
  - Pledges state not to interfere with bondholder rights to be paid
- Bonds sold through bankruptcy remote/ring fenced utility financing subsidiary
  - · Government's Financing Order is pledged as collateral
  - · Order contains robust "true-up mechanism" to adjust charge every 6 months on forecasted future sales to whatever level necessary to repay bonds
  - State's regulatory authority and pledge on non-interference guarantee charge will be applied and enforced
  - AAA rated

## Where Do Securitization Savings **Typically Come From?**

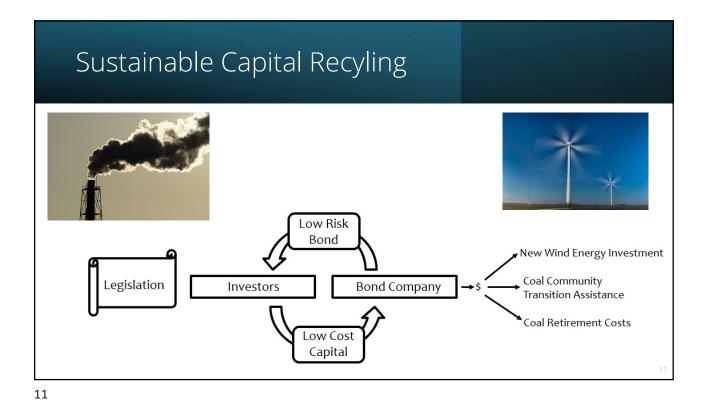
- Less Expensive AAA-rated Debt
- Elimination of Equity Component of Capital
- Levelization of Revenue Stream from Consumers
- Extend Amortization- Repayment Period



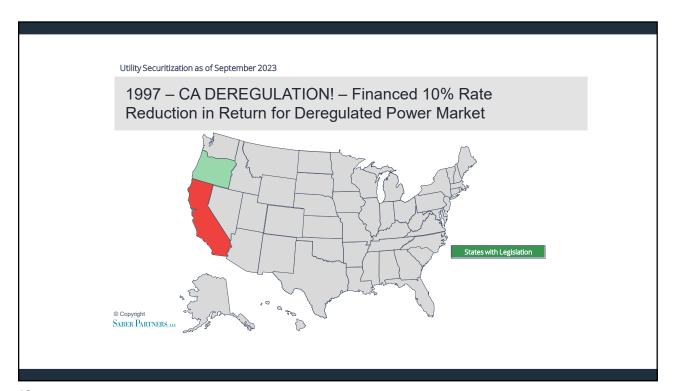
## How Ratings Agencies View Utility Securitizations

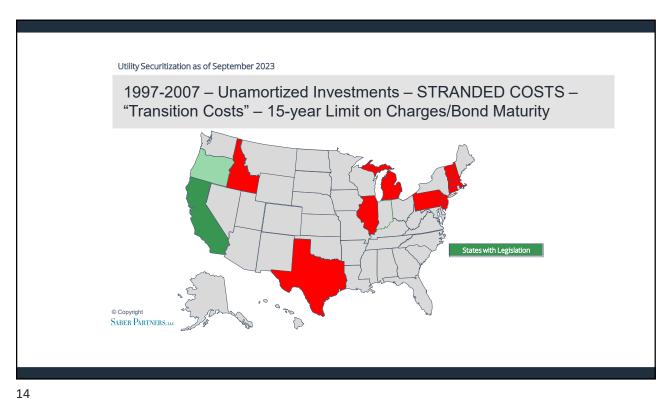
- Moody's: "Utility cost recovery through securitization is credit positive." Sector In-Depth report, July 18, 2018
- Fitch: "Fitch believes that special tariffs (under all scenarios) in excess of 20% of the customer bill over a long financing term would generally be inconsistent with a 'AAAsf' rating." Fitch Stranded Cost Bond Rating Criteria, November 30, 2017
- S&P: "... Standard & Poor's will "back out" for analytical purposes nonrecourse debt and associated carrying costs from the utility's consolidated financial statements."

  Overview of Stranded Cost Securitization, re-published December 5, 2011

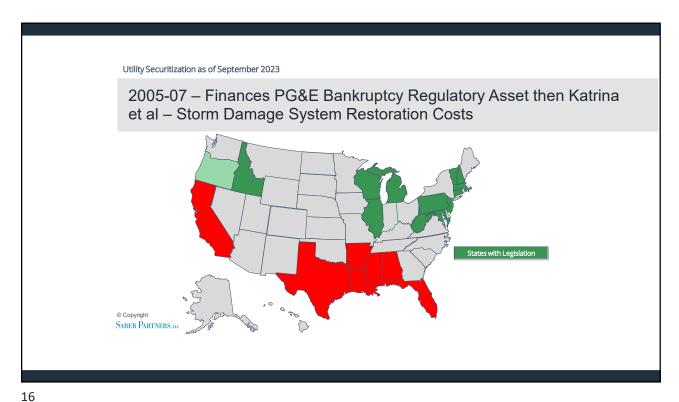


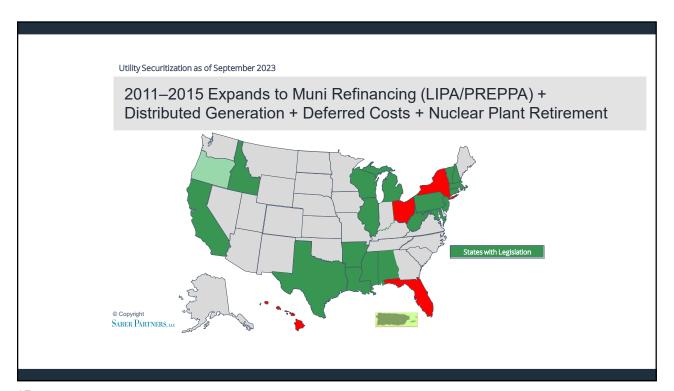




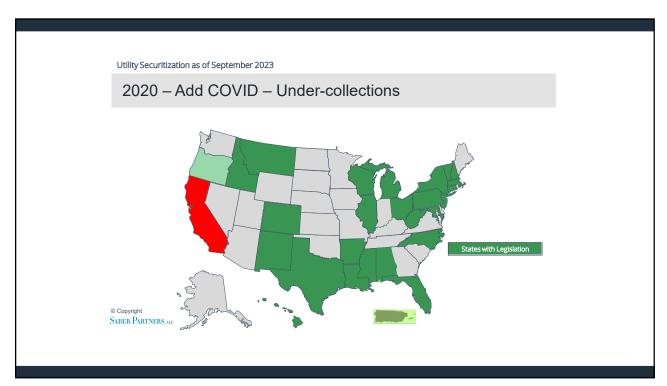


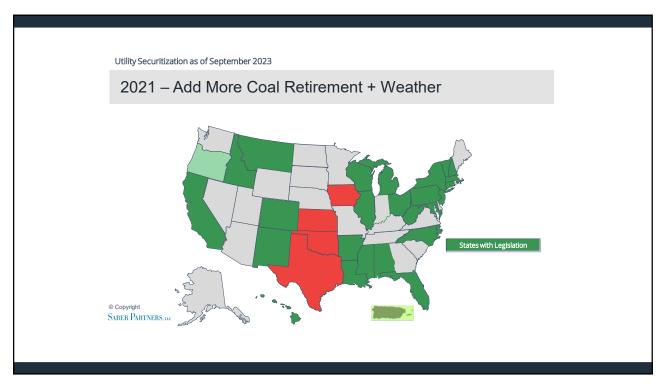


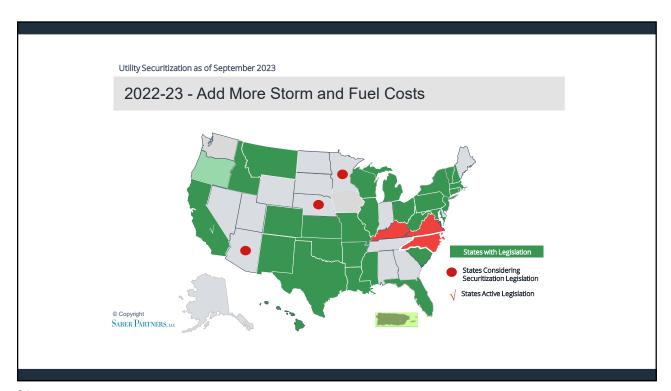


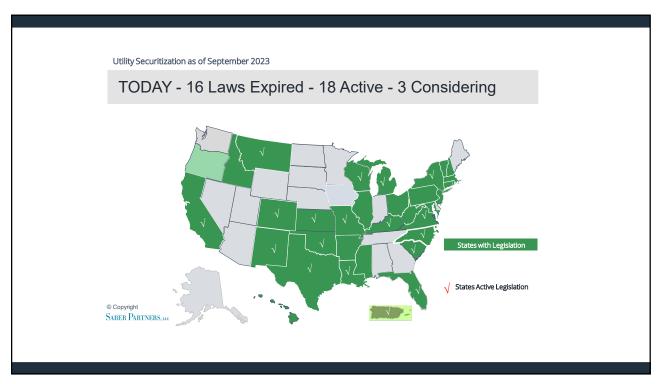


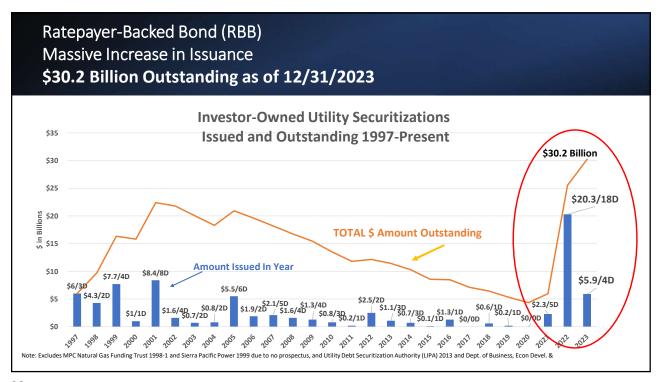


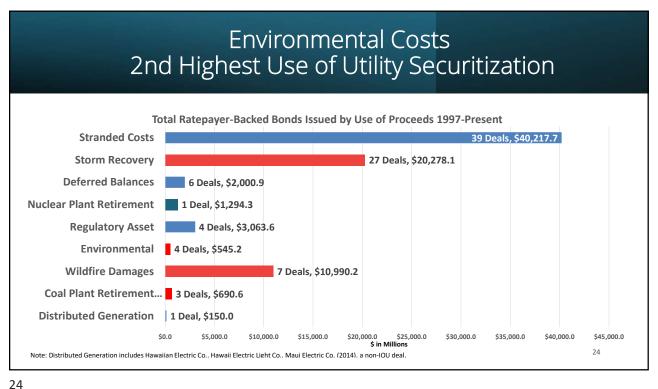












Success Stories: Securitization Has Resulted in Much Lower Revenue Requirements and Large Savings in Today's Dollars (NPV) for Ratepayers

### PotomacEdison\*



Allegheny Energy (Monongahela & Potomac Edison) (WV) 2007,09

- ✓ \$543 million in pollution control equipment and upgrades.
- √ \$130 million NPV Savings



## **Consumers Energy**

## Count on Us®

#### Consumers Energy (MI) 2014

- √ \$389.6 million unrecovered depreciation of 950 MW of coalfired capacity retired 2016.
- √ \$135 million NPV Savings

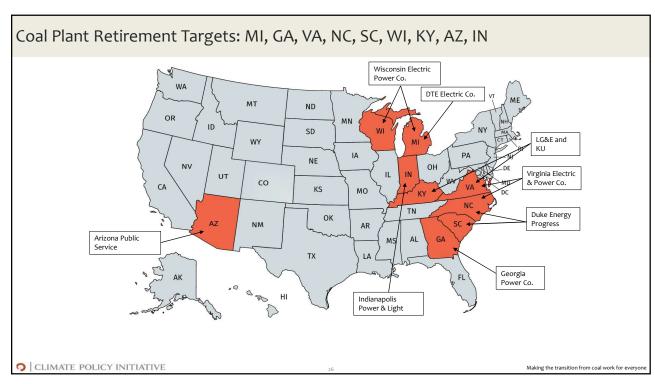


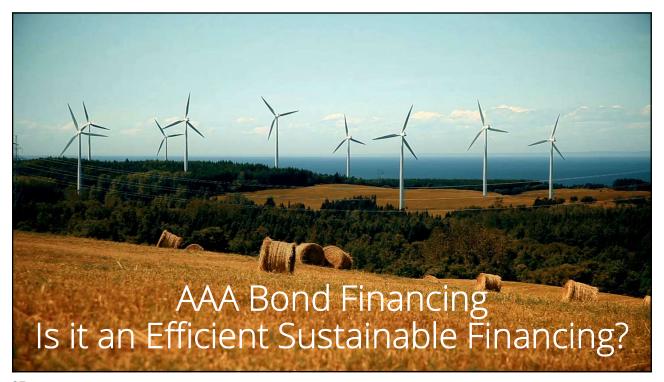


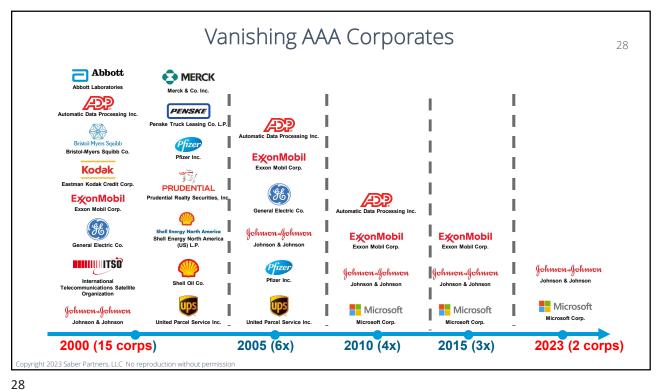
#### Duke Energy Florida (FL) 2016

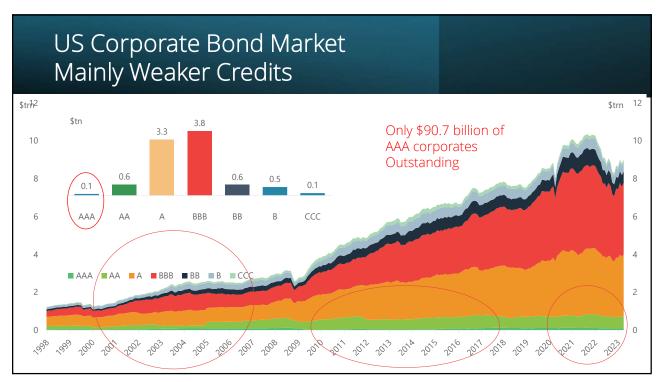
- √ \$1.294 billion in unrecovered depreciation of a closed/early retired nuclear plant.
- √ \$680 million NPV Savings

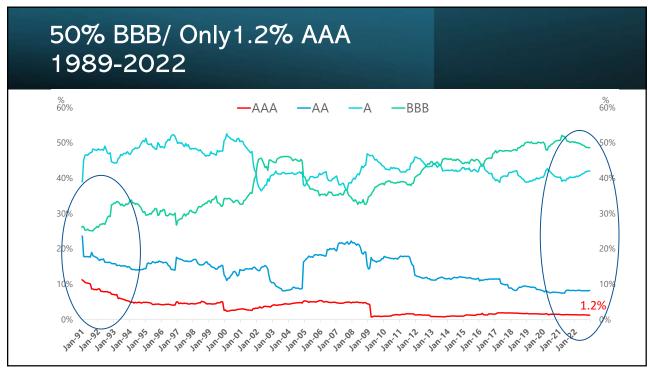














http://www.sec.gov/divisions/corpfin/cf-noaction/2007/mpef091907-1101.htm

SEC No Action

and Legal

"Based on the facts presented, it is the Division's view that MP Funding and PE Funding are not asset-backed issuers and the Bonds are not asset-backed securities within the meaning of Item 1101 of Regulation AB"

Conclusion 2007

Regulation AB Item 1101

September 19, 2007

Response of the Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance

Re: MP Environmental Funding LLC, PE Environmental Funding LLC Incoming letter dated September 7, 2007

Capitalized terms used in this response have the same meaning as defined in your letter. Based on the facts presented, it is the Division's view that MP Funding and PE Funding are not asset backed issuers and the Bonds are not asset-backed securities within the meaning of them 101 of Regulation of Regulation and the same of the same o

### Decision to Include in Corporate Index 2016 – Duke Energy Florida Project Finance LLC



**Technical Note** 

Recognized as

Precedent

**Established** 

Thoroughly

Vetted – Lowest Cost to Ratepayer

on Top of AAA

Corporate –JNJ

Classification of Duke Energy Florida Project Finance, LLC Series A Bonds

Following a formal *consultation* period, the Barclays index group plans to classify indexeligible Duke Energy Florida Project Finance Series A bonds (Ticker: DUK; issued on June 16, 2016) as Corporate > Utility issues.

For any questions, please contact your regional index group or email index\_feedback@barclays.com.

Barclays Risk Analytics and Index Solutions 17 June 2016

Benchmark Indices - New York +1 212 526 7400 index-us@barclays.com

www.barclavs.com

33

33

## **Asset Securitization Report**

#### **Duke's Utility Fee Securitization Sets Important Precedent**

By Allison Bisbey

June 21, 2016

- Printer Friendly
- Email
- Comments

Share

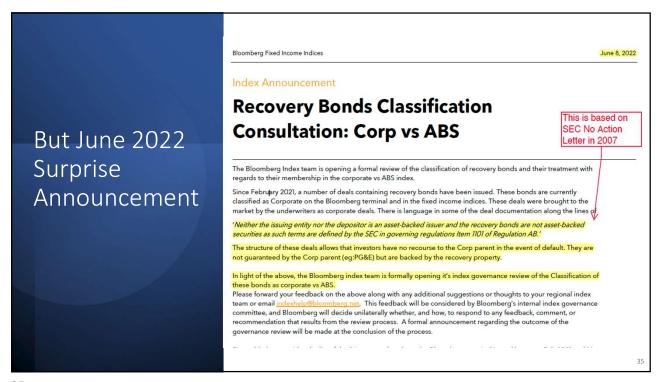
Duke Energy Florida marketed its \$1.3 billion securitization of utility fees as a corporate bond, and the strategy appears to have paid off. The deal was priced last week at interest rates in line with those of some the highest rated U.S. companies and government agencies.

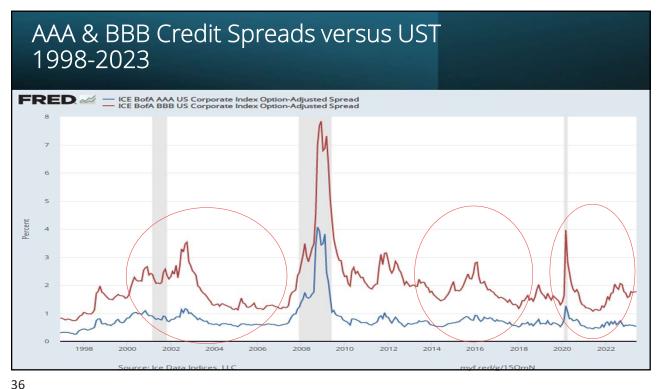
DEF's bonds are tied to a special charge on the utility's electric delivery and transmission services that is associated with the retirement of the Crystal River Unit 3 nuclear power plant. The bonds are also backed by a guarantee of the state's utility regulator to adjust the charge every six months to whatever level is necessary to pay the bonds on time.

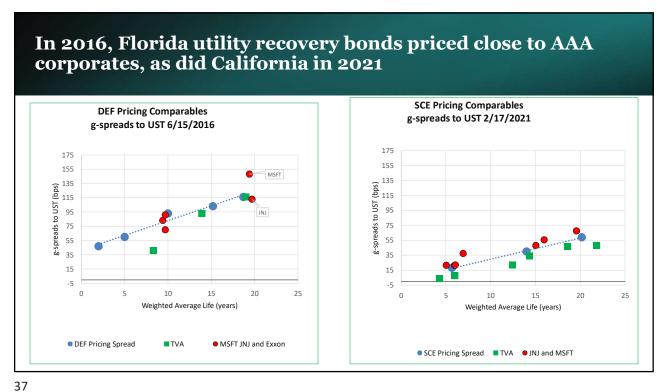
The securities have unusually long durations for this sector; over \$500 million had maturities from 15 to almost 19 years. By comparison, most other deals in the utility sector have original terms under 10 years. The tranche with the longest duration pays a spread over Treasuries similar to those of triple-A rated bonds issued by Johnson & Johnson and the Tennessee Valley Authority.

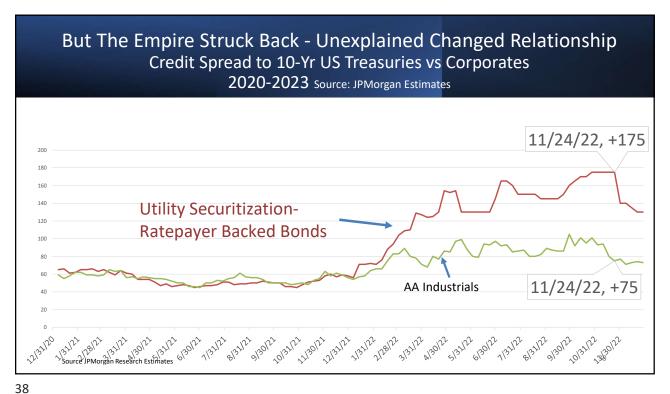
34

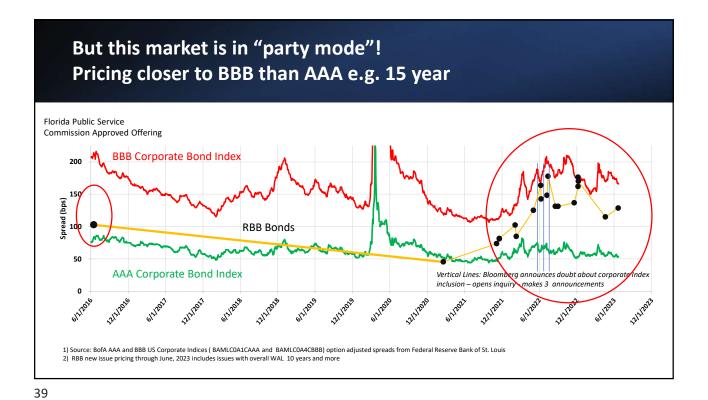
/TVA











## Bankers Flaunt Mispricing

Published By Citigroup Research - January 27, 2023

VIEWPOINT | ABS Weekly

Rate Reduction Bonds: Cheap Long Triple-As

## citi

CITI'S TAKE

Rate Reduction Bond (RRB) spreads at 135bp for 10+yr WAL bonds present an attractive entry point for investors. RRB, rated triple-A, are 40bp wide to triple-A/double-A corporate index and 15bp wide to single-A utilities. Almost 70% of 2022 RRB issuance has WAL of more than 10 years.

## Bankers Flaunt Misclassification "CORP Ticker, but...."

Published By Citigroup Research - January 27, 2023

#### CORP Ticker, but in ABS Index

A total of \$25B (all triple-A) utility ABS is outstanding, comprised of 25 shelves (Figure 4), with only 8 shelves with \$500mm or more outstanding. One shelf, PCG, has \$9B outstanding, more than a third of the total. More than 70% of RRB bonds were issued with CORP ticker (modeled as sinkable bond), while only two shelves used MTGE ticker in 2022 (LCDA and ODFA). Starting in August 2022, all RRB are classified as ABS by Bloomberg and are part of Bloomberg US Agg ABS Index. As of January 2023, RRB account for 11% of the ABS Index.

Shelf	Ticker	Issuer	Outstanding (\$B)
PCG	CORP	PG&E Energy Recovery Funding LLC	9.28
LCDA	MTGE	LA Local Gov't Environmental Facilities and Community Dev. Auth. Restoration	3.52
ODFA	MTGE	Oklahoma Development Finance Authority	2.81
ERCOTT	CORP	Texas Electric Market Stability Funding	2.12
DUK	CORP	Duke Energy (Carolinas/Progress NC Storm Funding, Florida Project Finance)	0.96
RAYCSC	CORP	Rayburn Country Securitization LLC	0.90
EIX	CORP	SCE Recovery Funding LLC	0.85
BRELPO	CORP	Brazos Securitization LLC	0.71

41

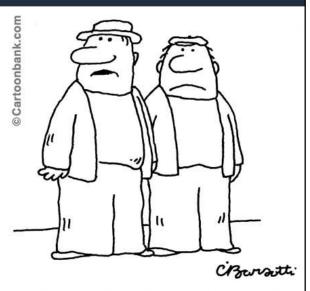
#### Inefficient Pricing: Mispricings vs Corporate - \$3.3 Billion Nominal Cost Ratepayers in 2021-23 NPV Cost at WACC NPV Cost as % of Nominal Cost as % **Principal Amount** Weighted Comps 1.3 (\$ millions) Deal (\$ millions) Average Life (\$ millions) P. A. of P. A. per \$1,000 of P.A. 2/17/2021 5/4/2021 0.09% SCE 2/17/2021 337.783 8.47 WEPCO 5/4/2021 11.8 118.814 6.81 0.66 0.56% 1.01 0.85% 11/4/2021 47.72 PGE (1) 11/4/2021 31.3 869.399 13.81 19.93 2.29% 41.49 4.77% 24.7 10.83 22.18 DEC 11/17/2021 11/17/2021 **DEP 11/17/2021** 26.4 769.627 10.75 12.87 1.67% 21.68 2.82% 28.17 Rayburn 2/3/2022 908.2 56.33 22.81 2/8/2022 SCE 2/8/2022 12.3 533.265 14.19 4.95 0.93% 10.32 1.94% 19.35 45.27 3/10/2022 DTE 3/10/2022 55.5 235.800 4.26 6.82 10.67 4.53% 2.89% 59.2 43.7 290.850 3,600.000 7.58 18.33 9.21 141.55 49.56 91.80 3/24/2022 ENT TX 3/24/2022 3.17% 14.41 4.96% 330.49 9.18% 5/3/2022 PGE (2) 5/3/2022 3.93% 5/11/2022 LA/ELL 5/11/2022 71.9 6.88% 68.80 6/8/2022 TX ERCOT 6/8/2022 89.50 2.115.700 16.96 166.50 7.87% 371.86 17.58% 175.76 6/9/2022 12.00 22.46 10.36% 103.62 5.28% Cleco 6/9/2022 425.000 7/8/2022 Okla OGE 7/8/2022 67.40 761.654 16.92 45.25 5.94% 100.87 13.24% 132.43 7/13/2022 PGE(3) 7/13/2022 102.80 3.900.000 18.86 368.51 9.45% 866.42 22.22% 222.16 \$134.66 8/18/2022 1,354.200 14.66 64.68 99.44 \$53.14 8/31/2022 Okla PSO 8/31/2022 58.71 696.920 11.72 28.89 4.15% 7.63% 76.25 75.07 Summit 10/12/2022 4.63% 7.51% 11/9/2022 Kansas Gas 11/9/2022 85.76 67.83 336.000 983.362 5.50 15.56 12.63 3.76% 6.01% \$17.63 5.25% 13.11% 52.47 \$128.93 131.11 PGE(4) 11/18/2022 59.10 11/18/2022 460.000 451.695 \$88.31 \$113.20 CoServ 12/7/2022 104.08 16.01 41.09 19.20% 191.97 124.01 25.06% 12/7/2022 United Elect. 12/7/2022 17.65 50.30 11.14% 250.62 Brazos 12/8/2022 113.67 17.28 72.33 10.14% \$161.83 226.97 12/9/2022 LA/ENO 12/9/2022 117.71 209.300 8.64 14.46 6.91% \$23,27 11.12% 111.18 3/9/2023 3,521.75 9.58 134.37 \$224.22 TX Natl Gas 3/9/2023 60.65 3.82% 6.37% 63.67 3/21/2023 LA/ELL 3/21/2023 90.26 1491.485 8.59 75.94 5.09% \$119.31 80.00 68.13 14.83 43.58 \$90.55 11.68% 116.78 4/19/2023 SCE 4/19/2023 775.419 5.62% 6/9/2023 Atmos 6/9/2023 5.47 4.24% \$5.63 59.22 4.03 6/21/2023 S. Indiana G&E 6/21/2023 16.08 \$28.18 82.53 Total 2021-2023 to date \$3,285

#### Conclusion

Ratepayer-Backed Bonds are a "sustainable market mechanism" for extraordinary and significant utility costs retiring coal plants and financing environmental mandates.

But "market mechanisms" are not naturally efficient.

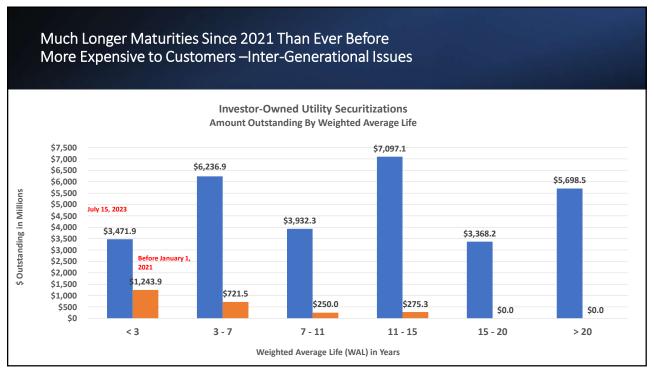
Care and active regulatory oversight to ensure do not sacrifice efficiency and fairness..



"There, there it is again—the invisible hand of the marketplace giving us the finger."







## Legislative language that PERMITS Commission to exercise its duties

2005: Florida Storm Securitization Law + 2019 North Carolina Law

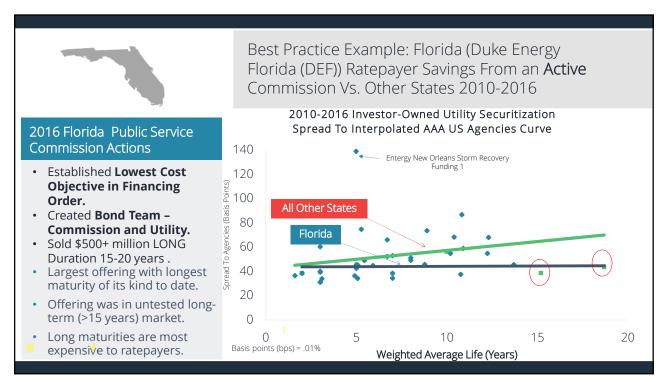
"[The commission may] Include any other conditions that the commission considers appropriate and that are not otherwise inconsistent with this section"

Legislative language that RESTRICTS Commission to exercise its duties

2021: Missouri *Proposed* 

"The financing order may provide such additional provisions relating to the issuance advice letter process as the commission considers appropriate and as are authorized by this section."







# Regulatory Economic for Financing Order Process

- · Complex Utility Affiliate Agreements
  - · Embedded customer risks?
  - · Utility negotiates with itself
  - Due diligence

#### · Quantifying Benefits

- Just and reasonable costs to be recovered versus costs of financing
- "Lower costs" versus "lowest costs"
- "Maximize present value customer savings" or just "tangible and quantifiable benefit"?
  - · What is appropriate discount rate?
  - · Inter-Generational issues

#### · Uncertain Transaction Costs:

- Utility seeks approval based cost estimates which can vary significantly by time bonds offered and charges imposed
- · Timing of financing order versus actual bond sale big lag
- · Structure, Marketing and Pricing with Underwriters
- · Approval based on expected vs but what assurance about actual
- Post-financing order-pre-bond issuance review process
- Need for Certifications



## Financial Reporting Sustainability

- **Debt ratios.** Impacts of recording securitization proceeds on the Utility's books
- P&L Impacts. Presentation of non-bypassable charges recovered from customers (e.g., gross vs.net), P&L profile changes arising from securitization, impairment analysis
- Tax Treatment. Characterization of the securitization as taxable / non-taxable - Compliance with IRS Revenue Procedure 2005
- Depreciation Adjustments. Related changes (if any) to depreciation profile of plant
- Disclosure / Sustainability Reporting. ESG reporting and financial statement disclosure impacts of the securitization for certain assets.